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Mercedes EQE SUV 300 (2023-...) (USA)

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General Info		Range and Battery	
Years of Production	2023 -	Range EPA	No data
Manufactured in	USA, China	Range WLTP	310-365 mi
Current Status	Produced	Range GCC	295 mi
Body Style	SUV	Battery (Usable/Nominal)	90.6/100 kWh
Price USA (New/Used)	\$No data/No data	Efficiency	30.7 kWh/100 mi (3.3 mi/kWh)
Charging		Performance	
Architecture	400 V	Drive Type	RWD: PMSM
Max Charging Power AC	9.6 kW	Motor (Power/Torque)	180 kW (241 hp)/406 lb-ft
Max Charging Power DC	170 kW	Acceleration 0-60 mph	7.3 s
Charge Port	CCS Type 2	Top Speed	130 mph
Dimensions		Cargo and Towing	
Length	191.5 in	Number of Seats	5
Width (with Mirrors/no Mirrors)	84.3/76.4 in	Curb Weight	No data
Height	66.3 in	Cargo Volume (Trunk/Max/Frun	k) 18.4/59.2/No data ft3
Wheelbase	119.3 in	Towing Capacity	No data

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About Mercedes EQE SUV 300 (2023-...)

The Mercedes EQE SUV 300 (2023-...) is an all-electric rear-wheel drive SUV. It came out in 2023. The car is not available on the US market.

The Mercedes EQE SUV 300 (2023-...) has a 100 kWh battery pack, allowing it to travel up to 295 mi on a single charge. The car has an average efficiency of 30.7 kWh per 100 miles (or 3.3 miles per kWh) — ranked №165 out of 719 electric vehicles.

How powerful is it? How fast does it accelerate?

The Mercedes EQE SUV 300 (2023-...) is equipped with a powertrain that delivers up to 180 kW (241 hp) of power and 406 lb-ft of torque.

This enables a 0 to 60 mph acceleration in 7.3 seconds (ranked №471 out of 719 electric vehicles) and a top speed of 130 mph.

How far can it go on single charge? What is the real-world range?

Mercedes EQE SUV 300 (2023-...) achieves a real-world range of 266–325 miles, placing it at №165 among 719 electric vehicles. However, this range is subject to several influences:

- Speed: Traveling at higher speeds reduces battery life.
- Temperature: Extreme cold or hot weather can affect range.
- Terrain: Hilly or mountainous landscapes decrease range.
- Driving habits: Aggressive driving with frequent acceleration and braking consumes more energy.
- Feature usage: Climate control and media systems also influence range.

It's important to acknowledge that these are estimations, and your actual driving range may differ. Consider these factors when planning your trip and be ready for potential charging stops.

Utilize the